19.—Life Insurance in Canada of Fraternal Benefit Societies Reporting to the Dominion Insurance Department, 1936-40—concluded

Item	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940
FOREIGN SOCIETIES—concluded	\$	\$	\$	\$	8
Assets ¹					
Real estate Loans on real estate Policy loans Bonds, debentures and stocks Cash on hand and in banks Interest and rent due and accrued Dues from members Other assets Totals, Assets	Nil 20,250 617,839 5,589,268 359,497 70,349 106,625 16 6,763,844	1,200 121,107 726,576 6,444,230 330,755 84,065 111,550 1,614 7,821,097	3,722 163,550 813,346 7,345,430 545,035 89,918 106,827 2,756 9,070,584	3,722 161,732 885,844 7,768,304 927,210 98,143 115,247 4,694 9,964,896	3,722 152,332 929,493 8,708,829 609,045 101,455 124,200 6
Liabili ties ¹					
Outstanding claims	189,947 10,646,026 221,596	171,689 10,938,525 327,264	147,393 11,456,464 447,015	158, 266 12, 015, 077 561, 857	195,409 12,546,377 638,112
Totals, Liabilities	11,057,569	11,437,478	12,050,872	12,735,200	13,379,898
Income					
Assessments. Fees and dues Interest and rents. Other receipts.	1,593,970 304,217 190,179 40,159	1,620,408 343,801 221,296 72,618	1,672,125 371,789 246,603 78,130	1,773,780 363,040 256,591 71,154	1,823,901 383,391 279,077 71,487
Totals, Income	2,128,525	2,258,123	2,368,647	2,464,565	2,557,856
E xpenditures ¹					
Paid to members	1,304,327 218,171 13,877	1,443,439 221,125 18,831	1,424,105 217,949 25,004	1,564,340 245,758 29,493	1,641,654 226,932 33,339
Totals, Expenditures	1,536,375	1,683,395	1,667,058	1,839,591	1,901,925
Excess of income over expenditure	592, 150	574,728	701,589	624,974	655,931

¹ Canadian business.

Subsection 5.—Life Insurance in Force Out of Canada by Canadian Companies Registered by the Dominion Government

Tables 20 and 21 give summary statistics of insurance in force as at Dec. 31, 1940, in currencies other than Canadian, classified by companies and by the currencies in which business was written. The data given here are in Canadian dollars mainly at par rates of exchange for the countries concerned, but there are several exceptions where, for purposes of account, certain companies have converted foreign currencies at rates other than par, particularly where the current rate differs substantially from the par rate. More than 63 p.c. of all such business in force was written in United States currency and over 23 p.c. in sterling. From another standpoint, over 32 p.c. was written in currency of British countries outside Canada and over 67 p.c. in currencies of foreign countries.